



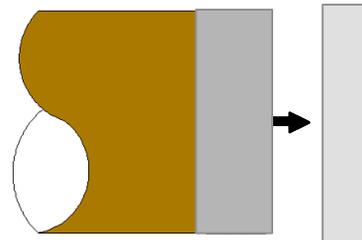
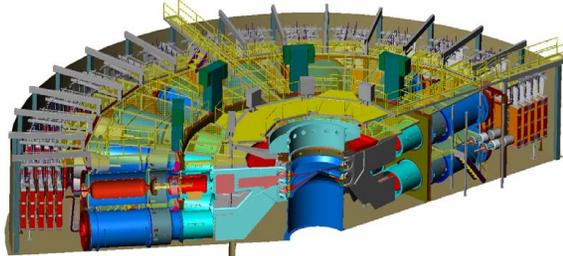
PDV measurements of structured wave profiles at modest velocities ($< 1\text{km/s}$)

2009 Photonic Doppler Velocimetry (PDV) Workshop

November 5-6, 2009

Austin, TX

Z Accelerator



Gas Gun

Veloce



T. Ao and D.H. Dolan

Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM, USA
1646 Dynamic Material Properties

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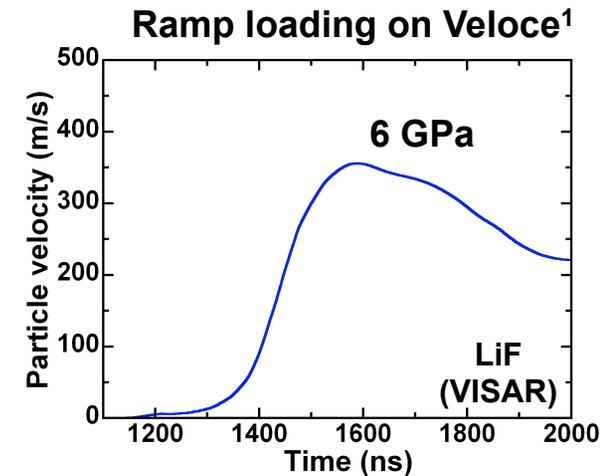
Purpose of Work

Background

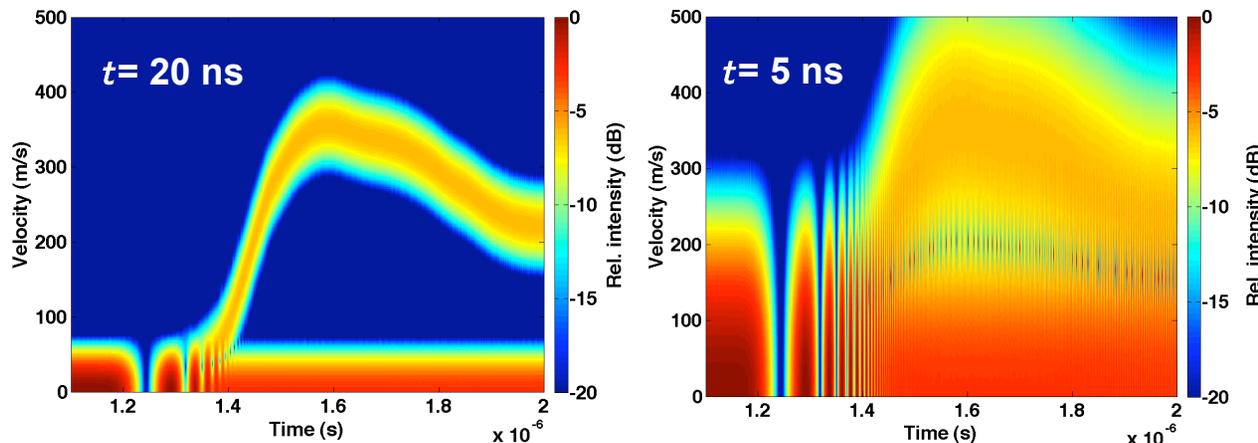
- PDV beat frequency: $f = \frac{2v}{\lambda_0}$; uncertainty product: $(\delta v)(\tau) \geq \frac{\lambda_0}{8\pi}$, $\tau = \frac{\lambda_0}{8\pi\delta v}$

Motivation

- Achieve both optimal velocity & time precision
- Where does this matter?
 - $l_0 = 1550$ nm, $v = 100$ m/s, $f = 0.13$ GHz
 - $\delta v \leq 10$ m/s, $\tau = 6$ ns
- “Modest” velocity (<1km/s) transients
 - Structured waves (ramps and multiple shocks)
 - Elastic precursor, phase transition



STFT analysis



¹T. Ao *et al.*, RSI **79**, 013903 (2008)



PDV Analyses

- **Detector measures output intensity**

$$D(t) = aI_R + bI_T(t) + 2\sqrt{I_R I_C(t)} \cos \left[\Phi(t_i) + 4\pi \frac{x(t) - x(t_i)}{\lambda_0} \right]$$

- **Short-time Fourier Transform (STFT)**

- Finite time window, usually over several fringes
- Velocity from Gaussian fitting of power spectrum

- **Three-phase analysis (THRIVE¹)**

- Three signals shifted by 120°
- Displacement from quadrature reduction (similar to VISAR analysis)
- Velocity from differentiation of displacement

- **Local sinusoid**

- Similar to STFT, less robust to transients

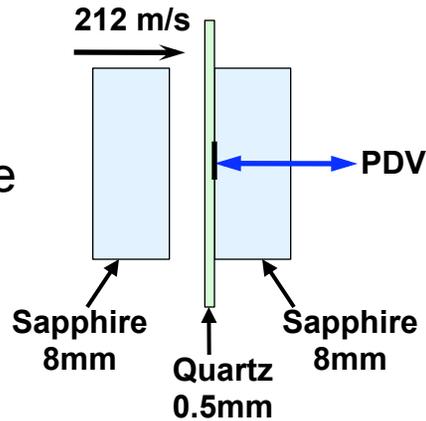
¹D.H. Dolan and S.C. Jones, RSI **78**, 076102 (2007)
D.H. Dolan and S.C. Jones, SAND2008-3871

Experimental Configuration



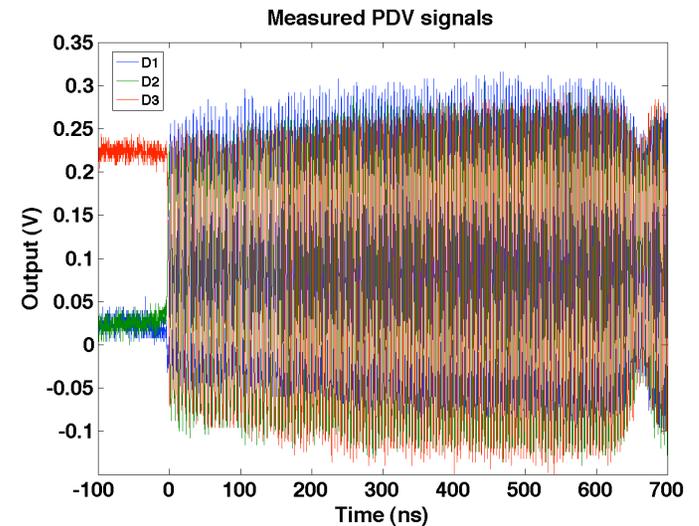
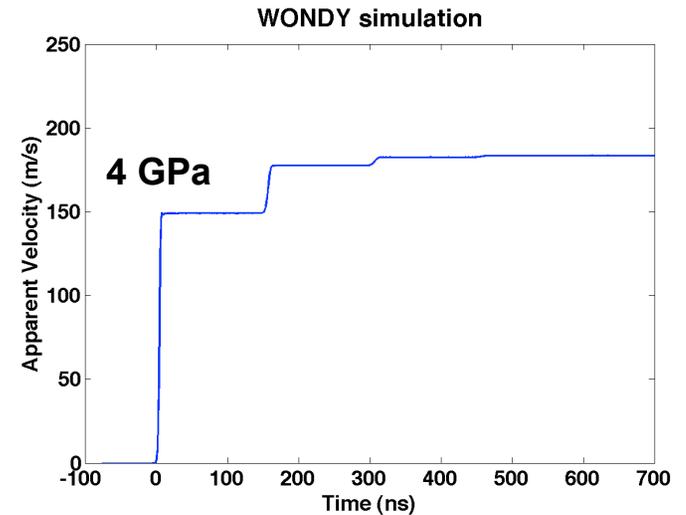
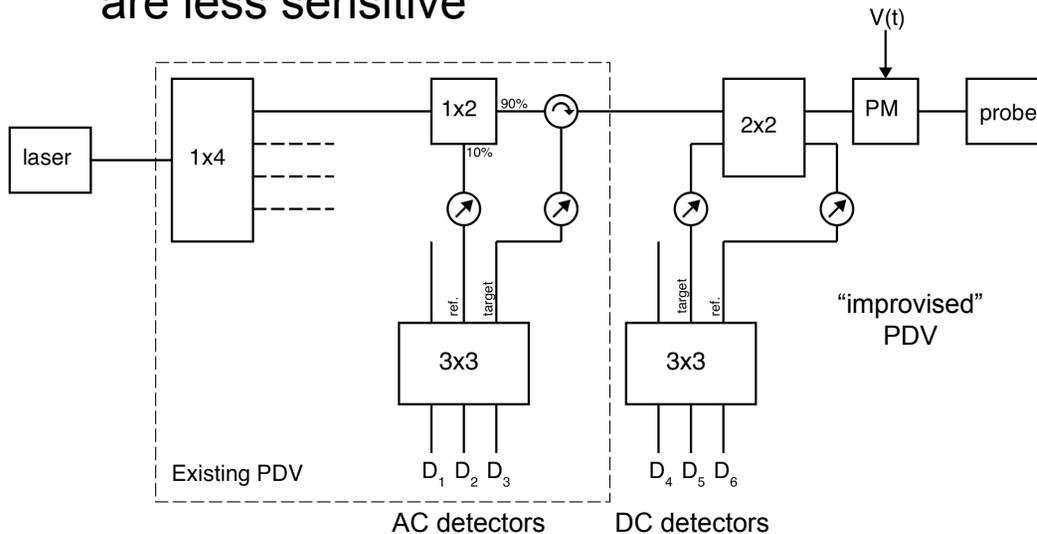
Gas gun

- Ring-up to shock state
- Comparable target geometry to pulsed power loads



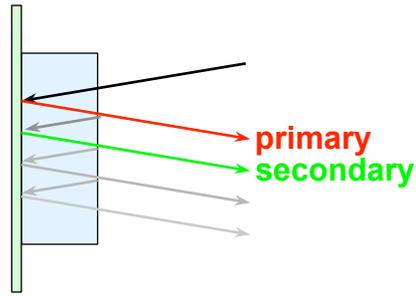
Three-phase PDV measurement

- Focusing probe ($f = 12 \text{ mm}$)
- DC detectors cleaner than AC detectors but are less sensitive

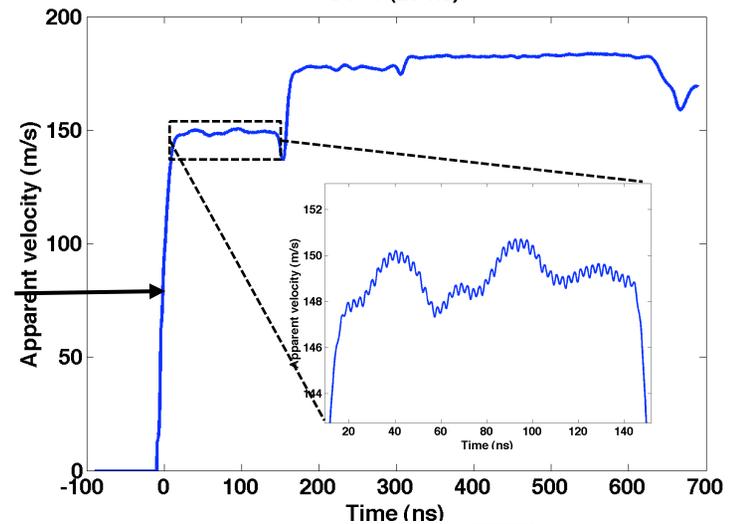
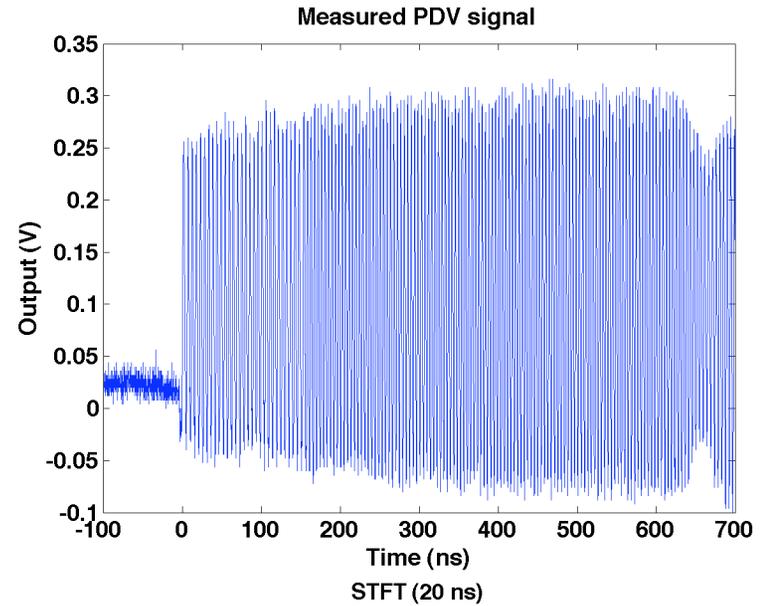
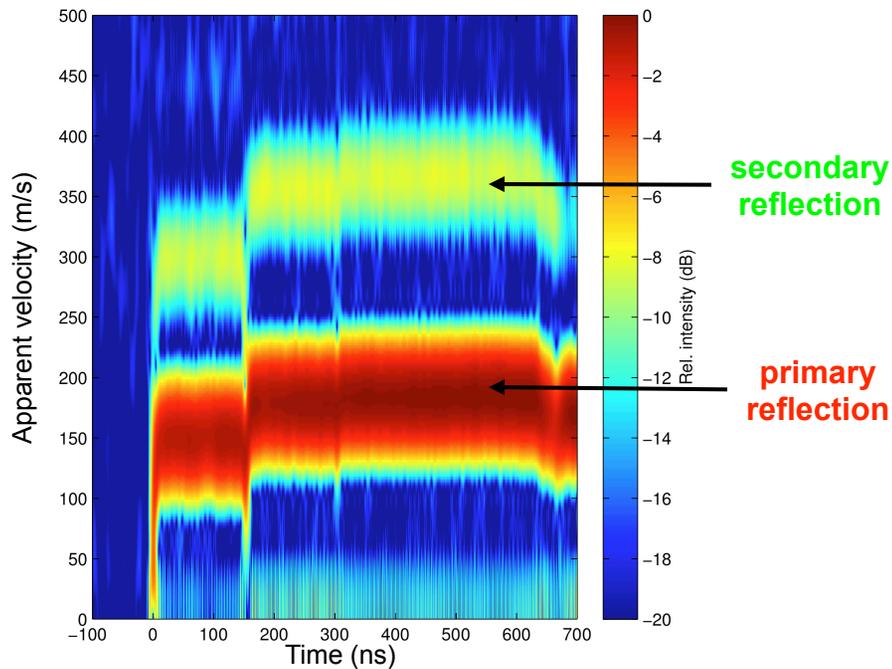




PDV01 – STFT Analysis



- **STFT power spectrum**
 - 20 ns Hamming window
 - Gaussian fitting of peaks

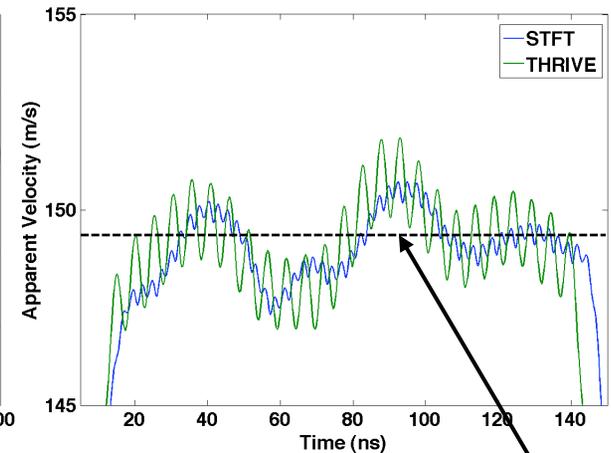
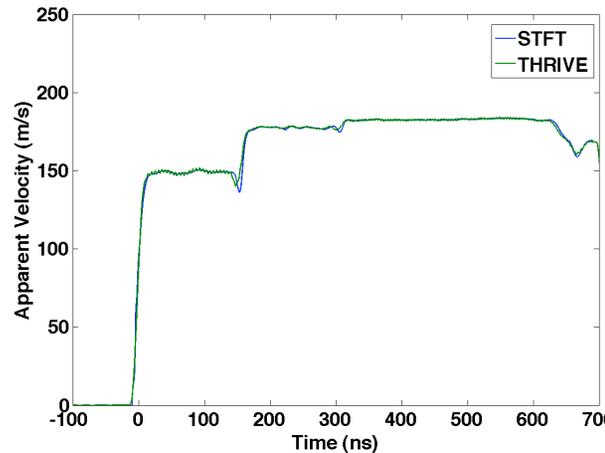




PDV01 – THRIVE Analysis

■ $t = 20$ ns

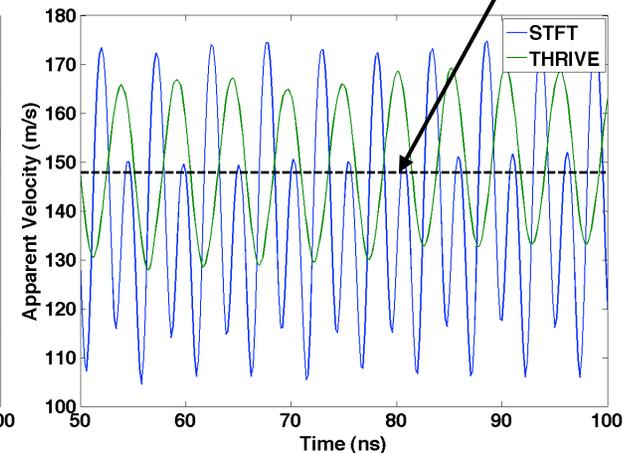
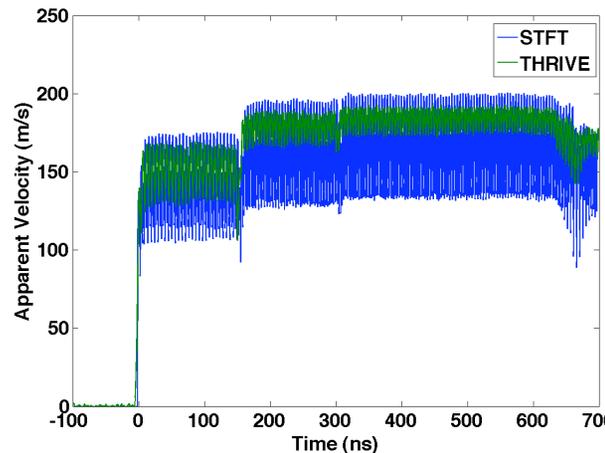
- THRIVE & STFT agree with WONDY prediction
- Smaller oscillations with STFT



WONDY

■ $t = 5$ ns

- Deviation between THRIVE & STFT
- STFT's average velocity biased systematically lower than WONDY
- Smaller oscillations with THRIVE



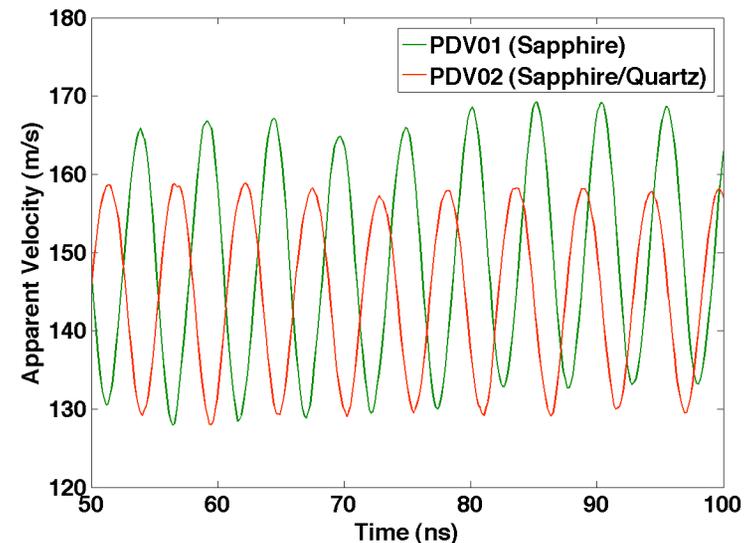
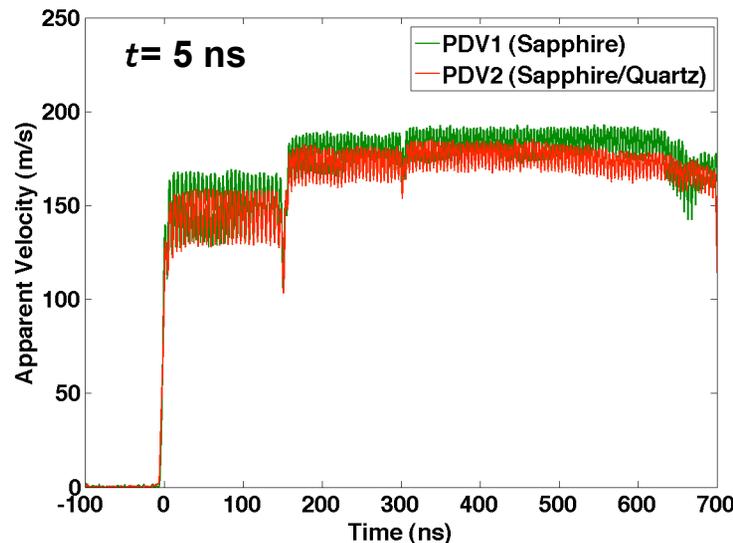
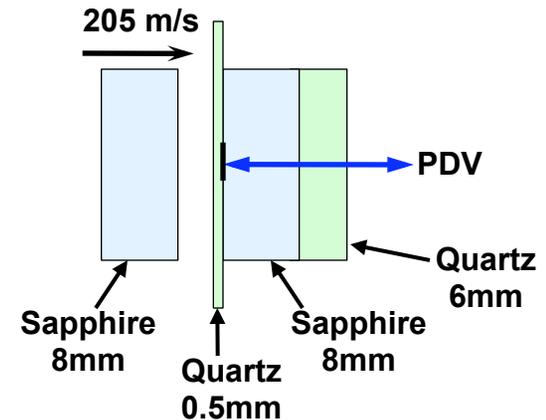


PDV02

- Attempt to reduce secondary reflection

- Focusing probe insufficient
- Add Quartz window to diminish multiple window transit effect

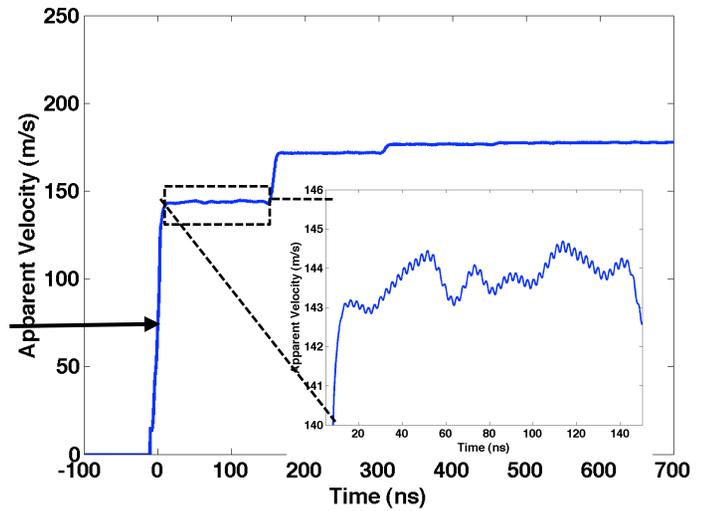
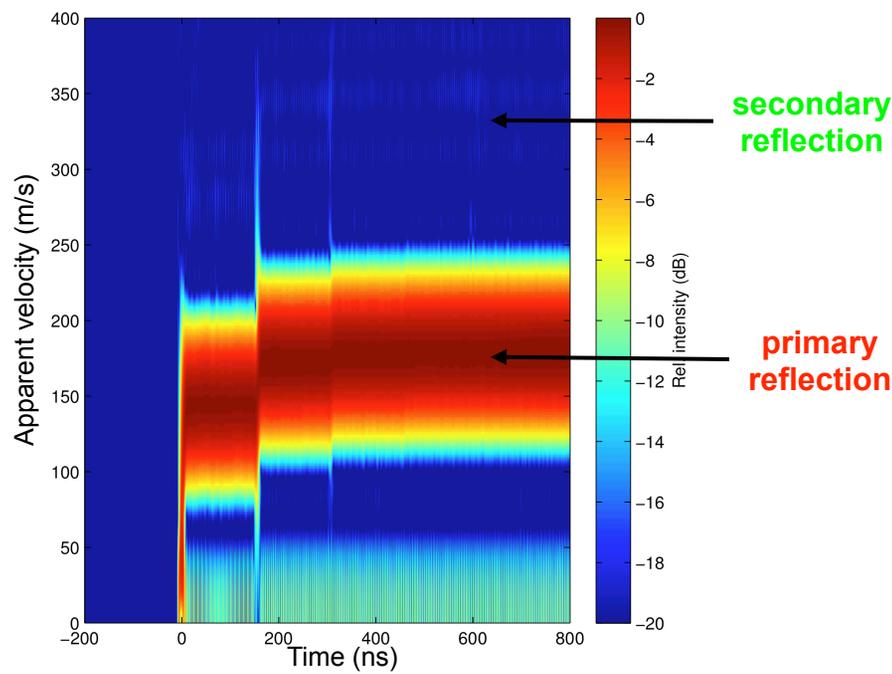
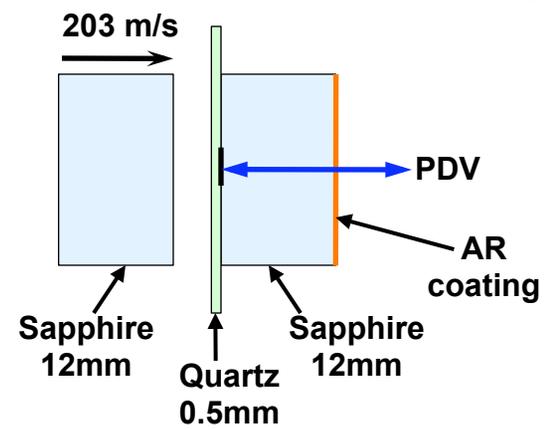
$$D(t) \propto \sqrt{I_R I_{C1}(t)} \cos \Phi_1 + \sqrt{I_R I_{C2}(t)} \cos \Phi_2$$



- Oscillations smaller than with only Sapphire window but remains

- Need anti-reflective coating at free surface

- **Anti-reflective coating on Sapphire**
 - Reflectivity < 0.05% at 1550 nm
- **STFT power spectrum**
 - 20 ns Hamming window
 - Gaussian fitting of peaks

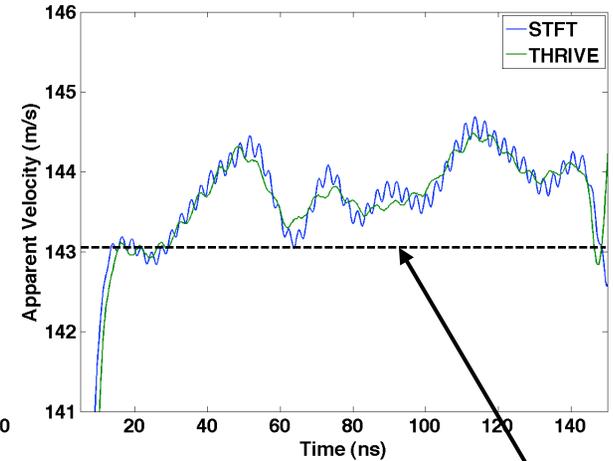
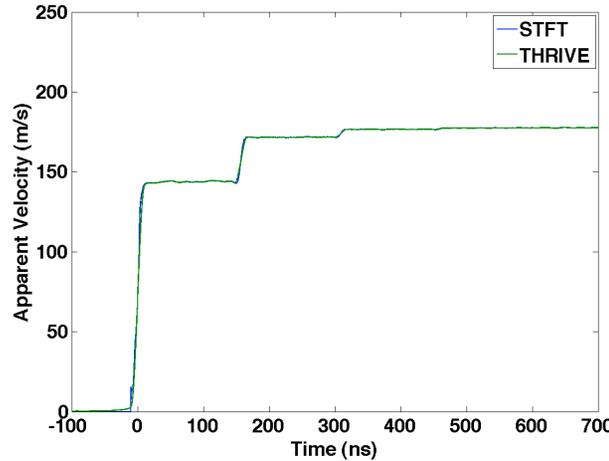




PDV03 – THRIVE Analysis

- $t = 20 \text{ ns}$

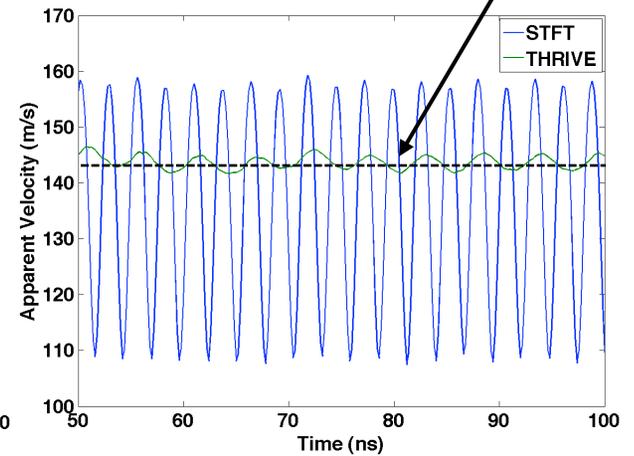
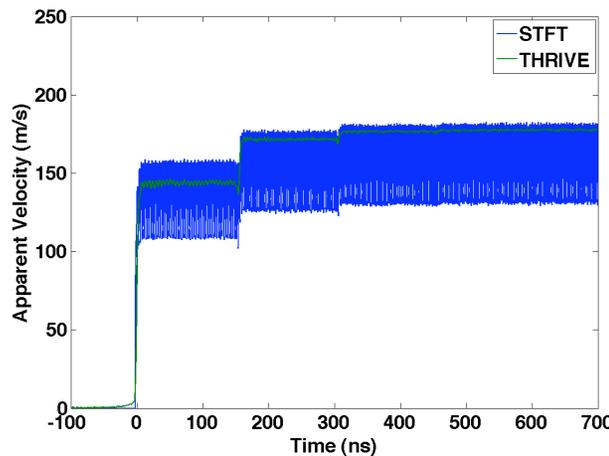
- THRIVE & STFT agree with WONDY prediction
- Smaller oscillations with THRIVE



WONDY

- $t = 5 \text{ ns}$

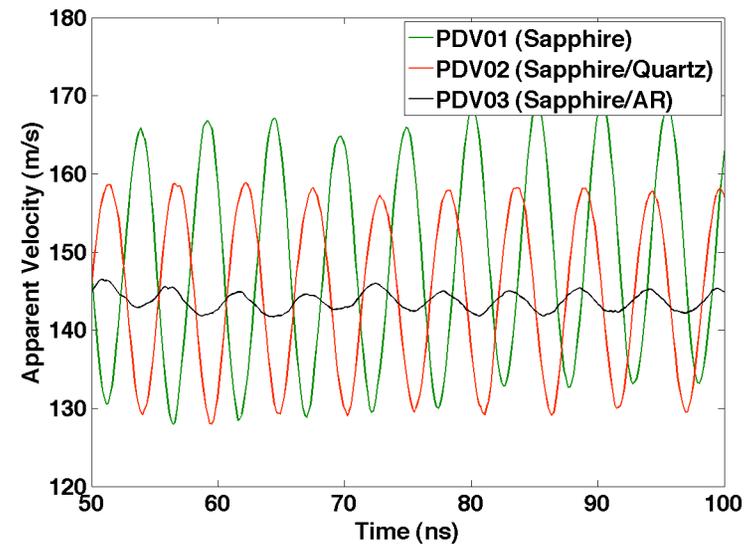
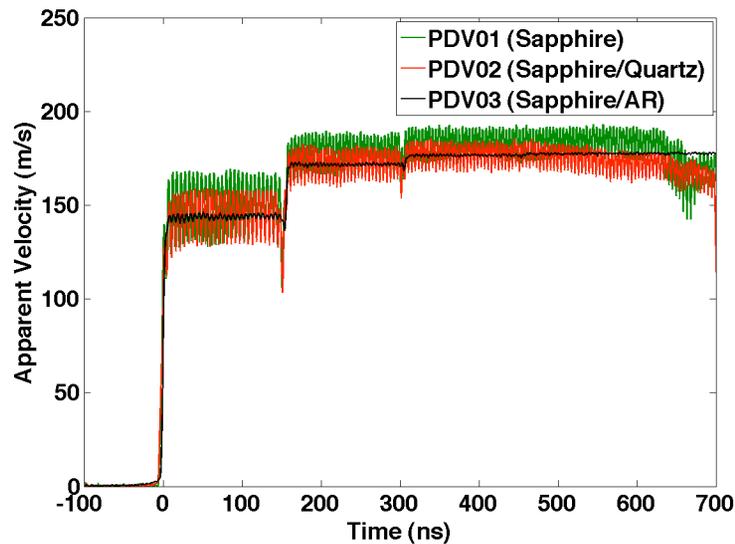
- Deviation between THRIVE & STFT
- STFT's average velocity biased systematically lower than WONDY
- Smaller oscillations with THRIVE





Mitigation of secondary reflection

- **Anti-reflective coating with THRIVE analysis**
 - Velocity oscillations of $dv/v \approx 1\%$ (1s) and $t = 5$ ns
 - Comparable to velocity and time precision of VISAR



Summary

- **Transient wave profiles at modest velocities ($< 1\text{km/s}$)**
 - Require optimization of both velocity and time precision
- **Short time Fourier Transform analysis (STFT)**
 - Robust and “simple”
 - Reliable over many fringes (large t) but suspect for small number of fringes (small t)
- **Three-phase analysis (THRIVE)**
 - More complicated (3 detectors/probe), more characterizations
 - Better for rapid transients
 - Consistent with STFT over many fringes (large t)
- **Must mitigate secondary reflection at window free surface**
 - Anti-reflective coating $< 0.05\%$
 - Wedged window

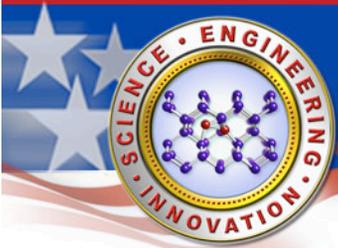


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- **Randy Hickman**



Extra Slides



PDV01 – Displacement Analysis

- Examine displacement profile

- Sinusoid riding on linear ramp

$$x(t) = x(t_i) + vt + A \cos\left(\frac{4\pi}{\lambda_0} vt\right) + B \sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{\lambda_0} vt\right)$$

- Iteratively solve for velocity
 - Use time window covering at least one wavelength of sinusoid ($t = 6$ ns)

