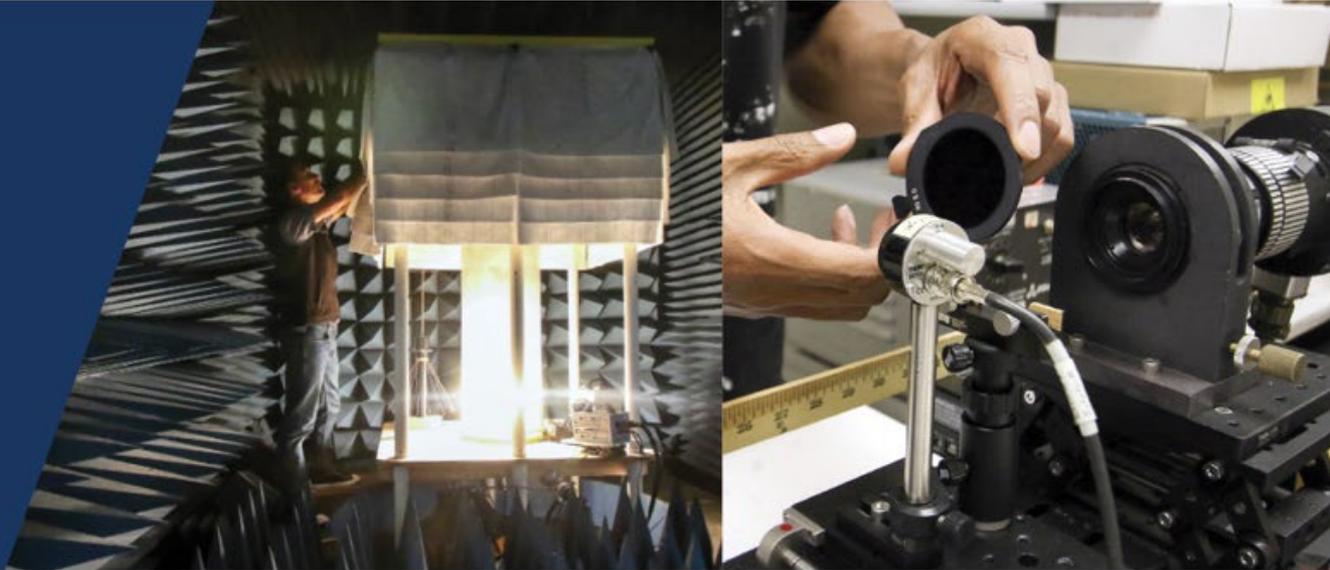
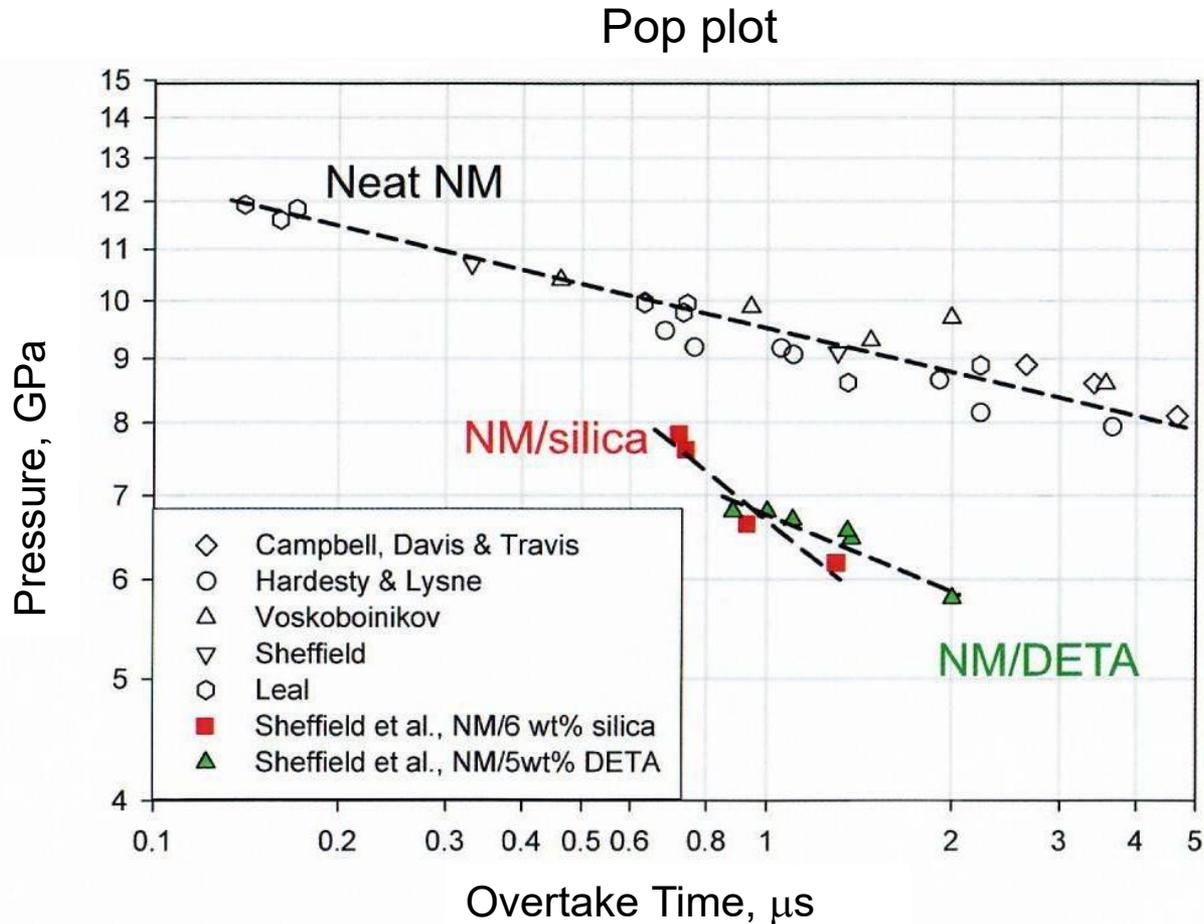


# Observing the shock to detonation transition in nitromethane with PDV



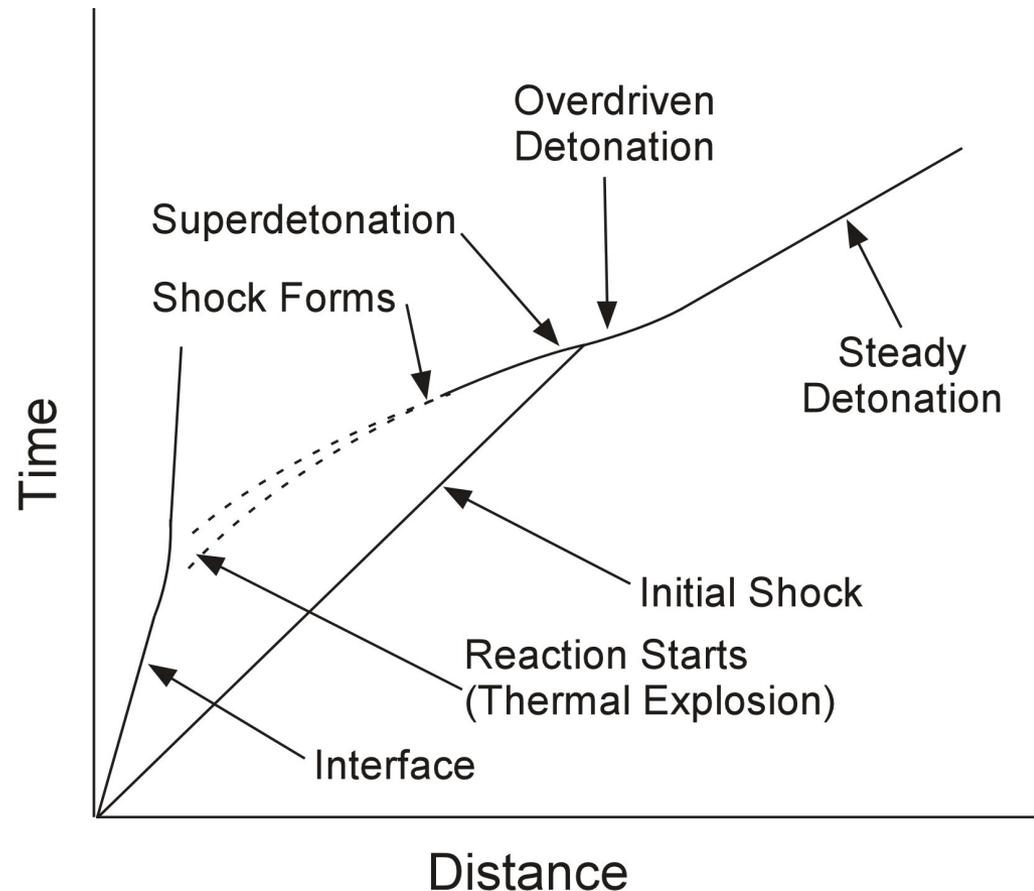
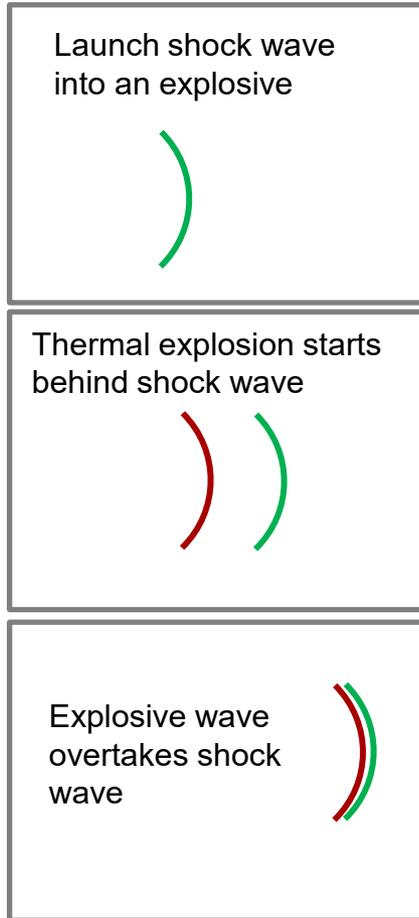
**MSTS: Dale Turley, Brandon La Lone (presenter), J. Mance,  
M. Staska, G. Stevens, B. Valencia, T. Myers  
LANL: D. Dattelbaum**

Measure the time it takes for explosive wave to “overtake” shock wave

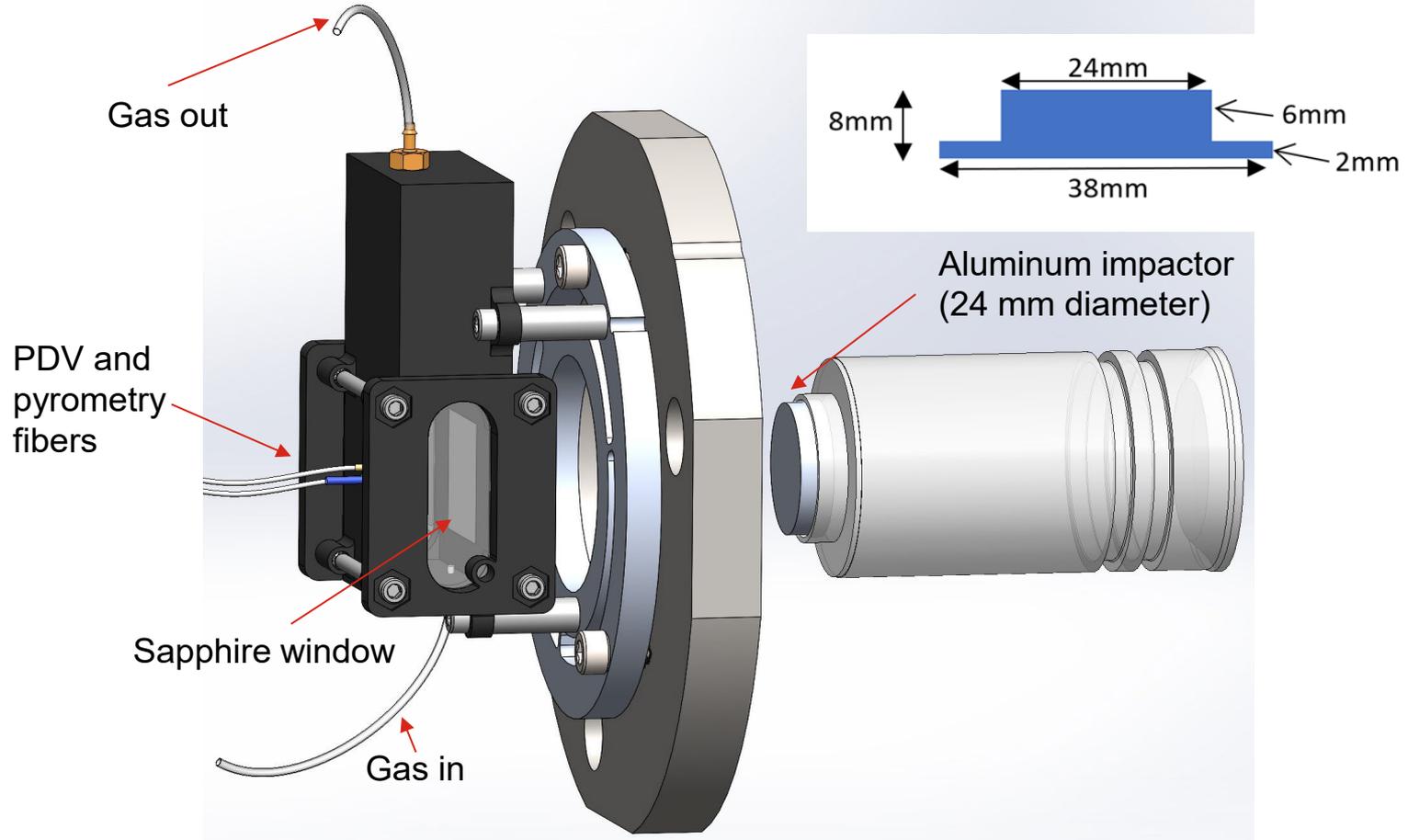


(Dattelbaum et al. 2010)

# Background on shock to detonation

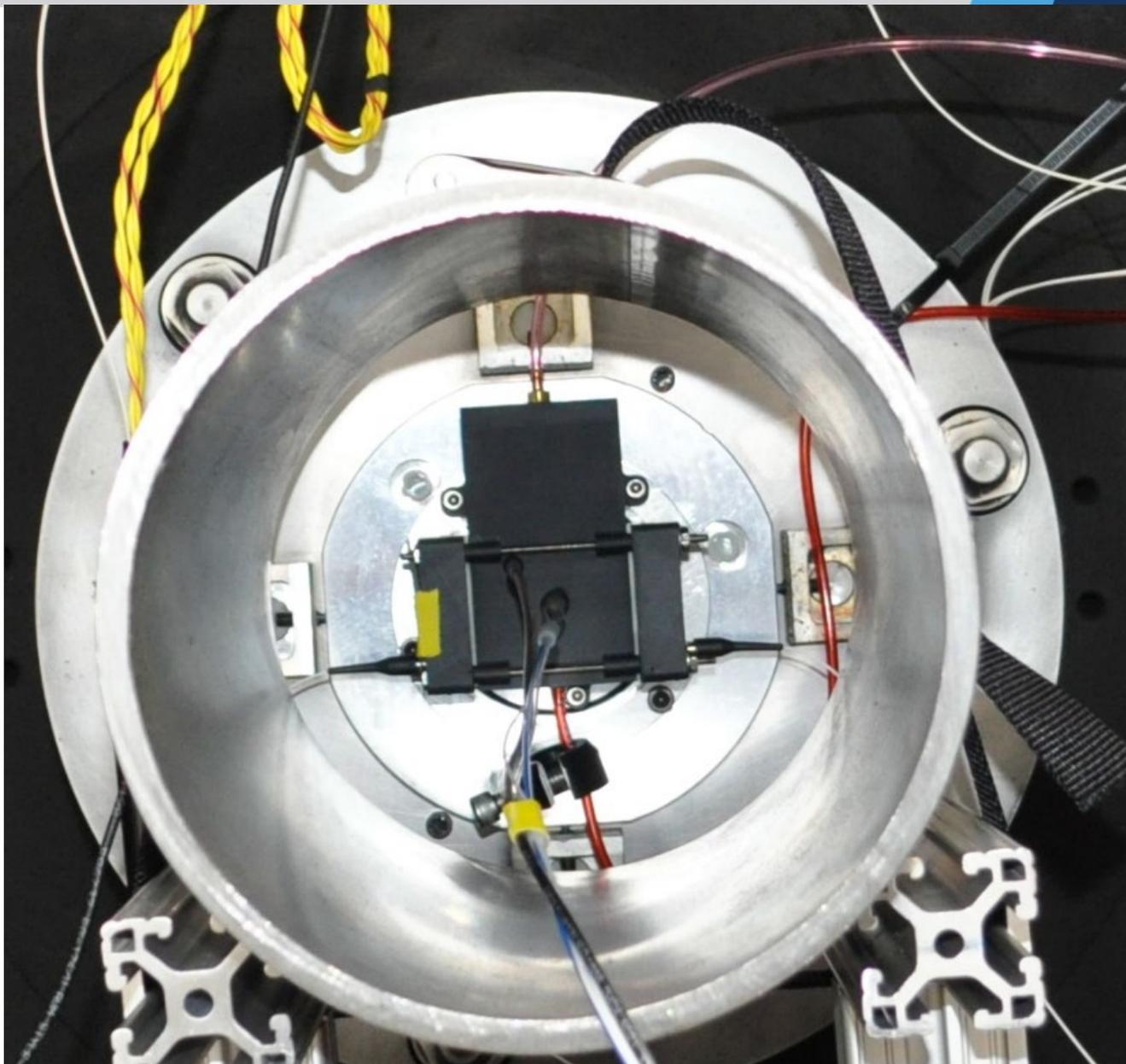


*D. Dattelbaum, et al., Detonation Symposium, April 2010*

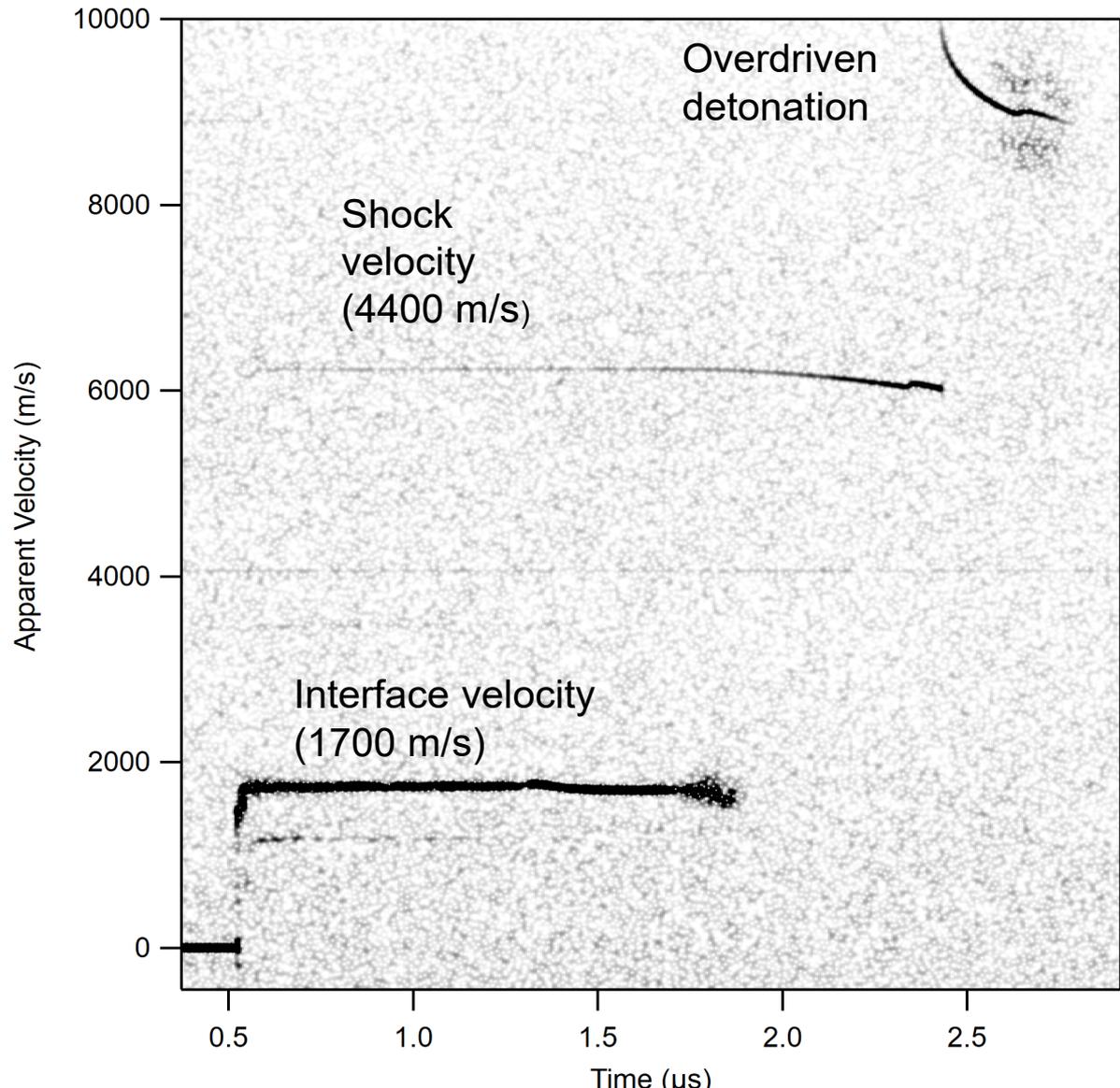


Package for powder gun experiments

# Experiment setup

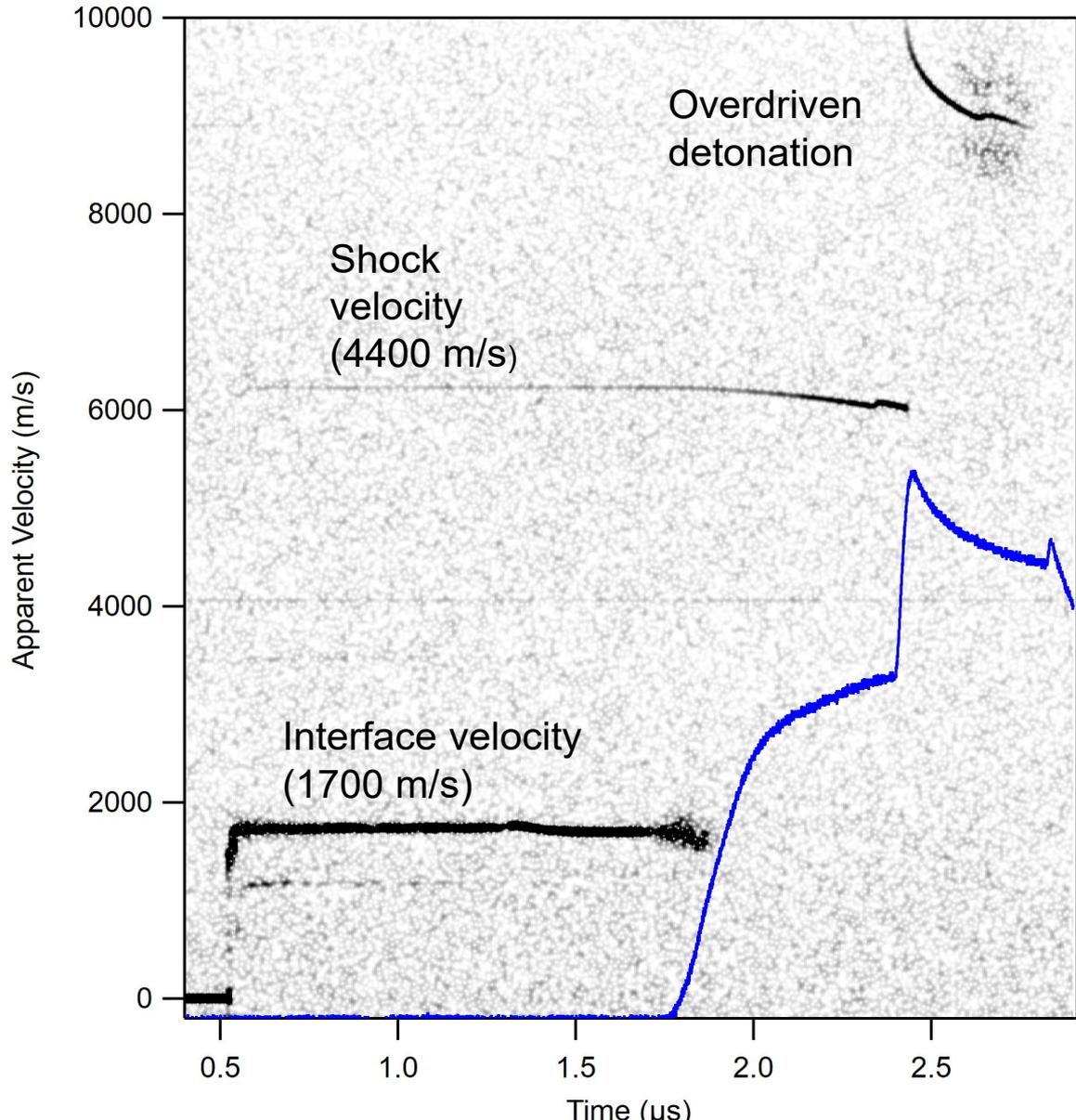


# 8.6 GPa shock to detonation in PDV data



Steady detonation (~6.3 km/s)

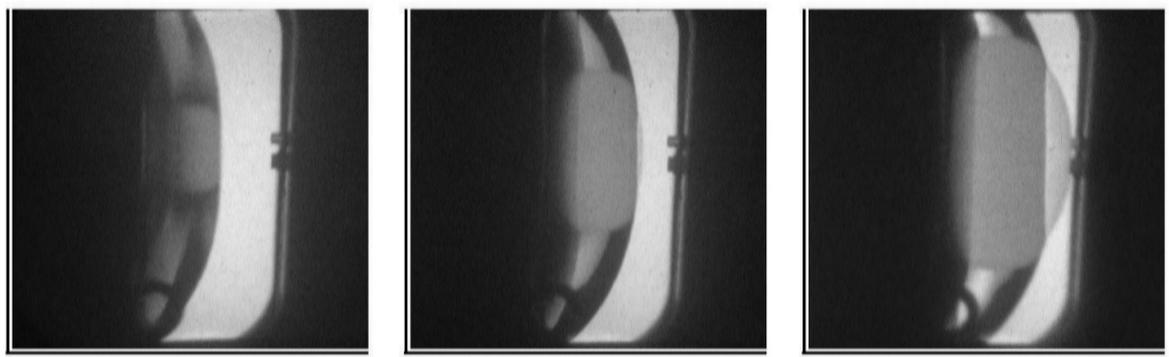
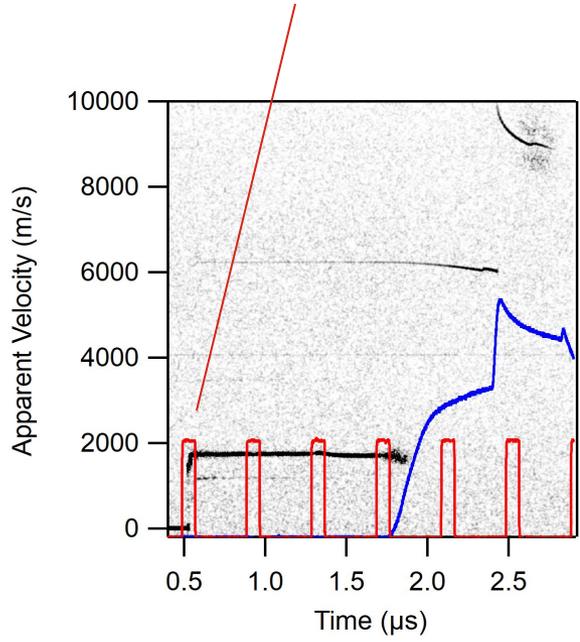
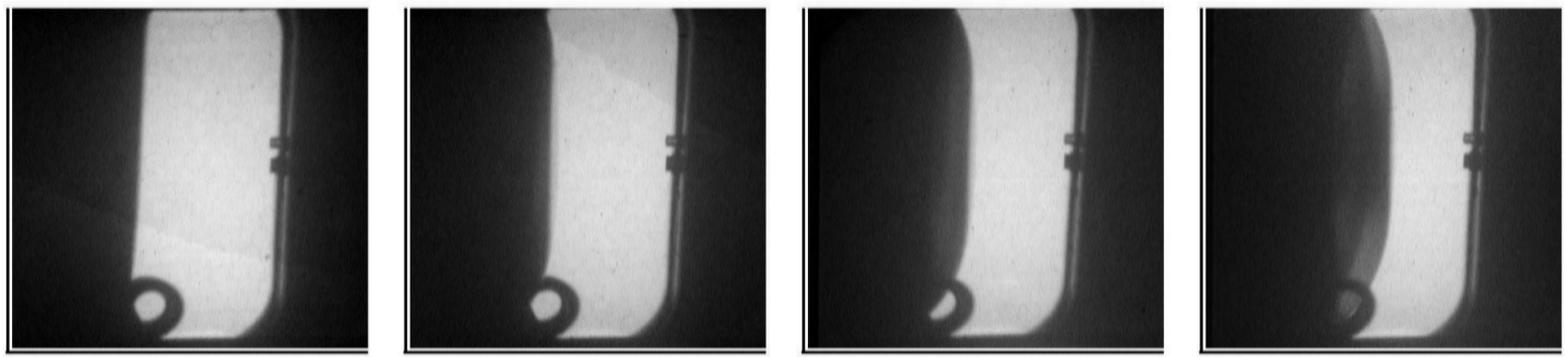
# 8.6 GPa shock to detonation in PDV data



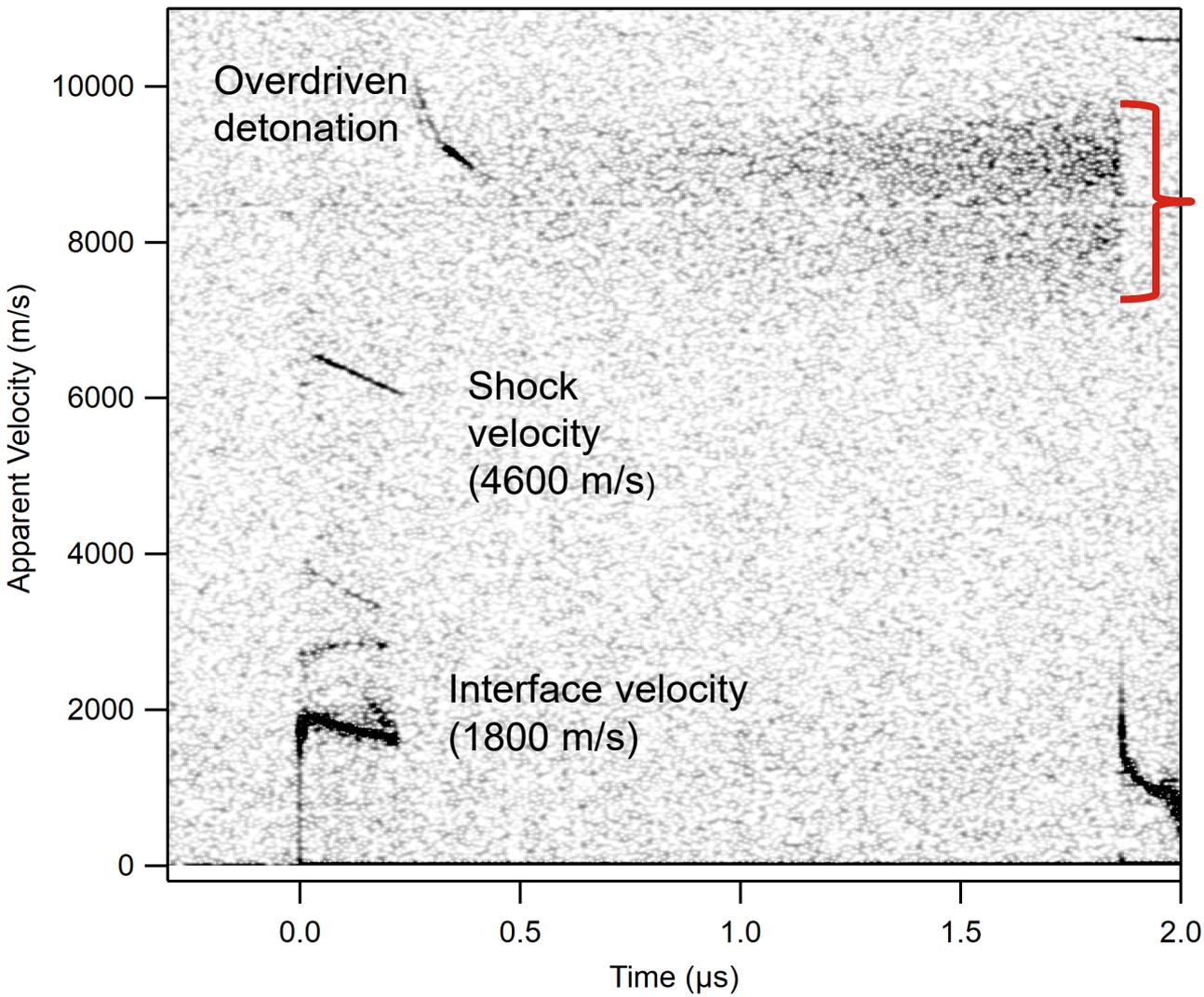
Steady detonation (~6300 m/s)

Radiance (arb. units)

# 8.6 GPa shock to detonation visible image



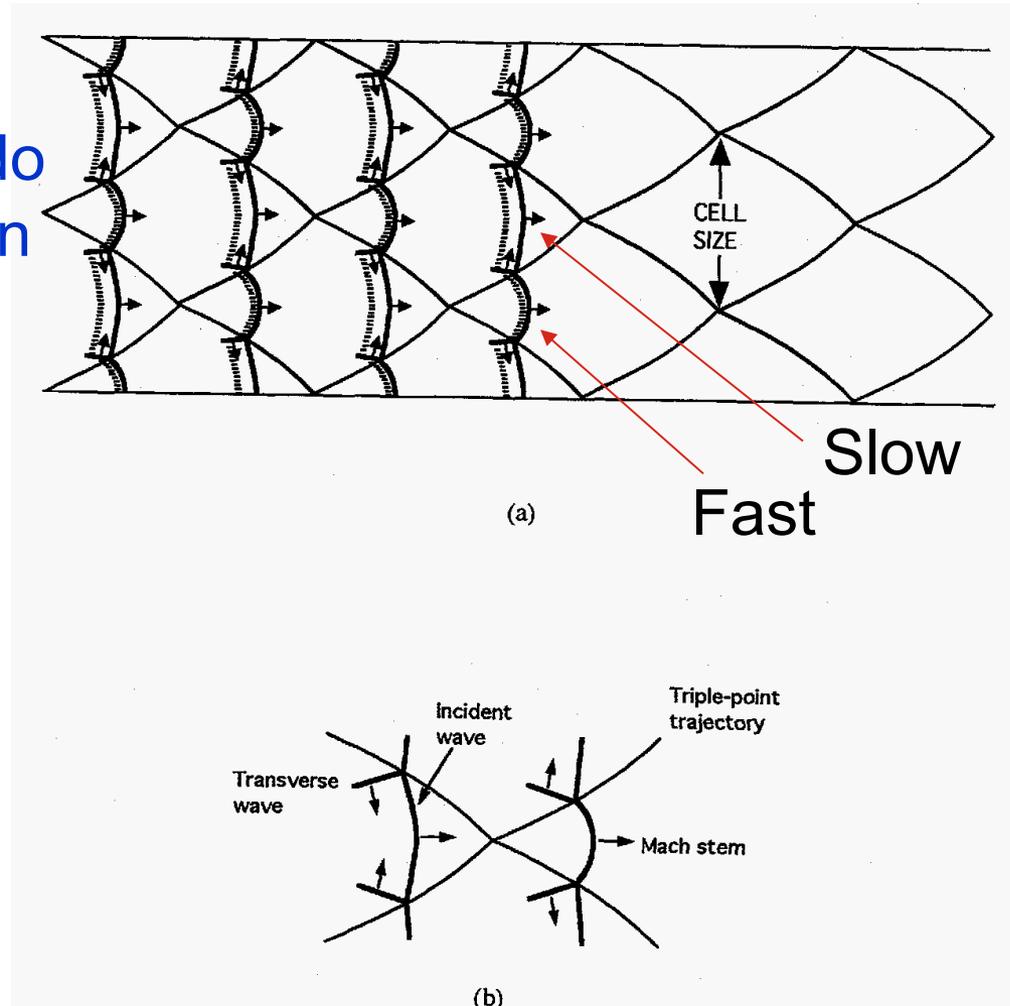
# HE driven shock to detonation



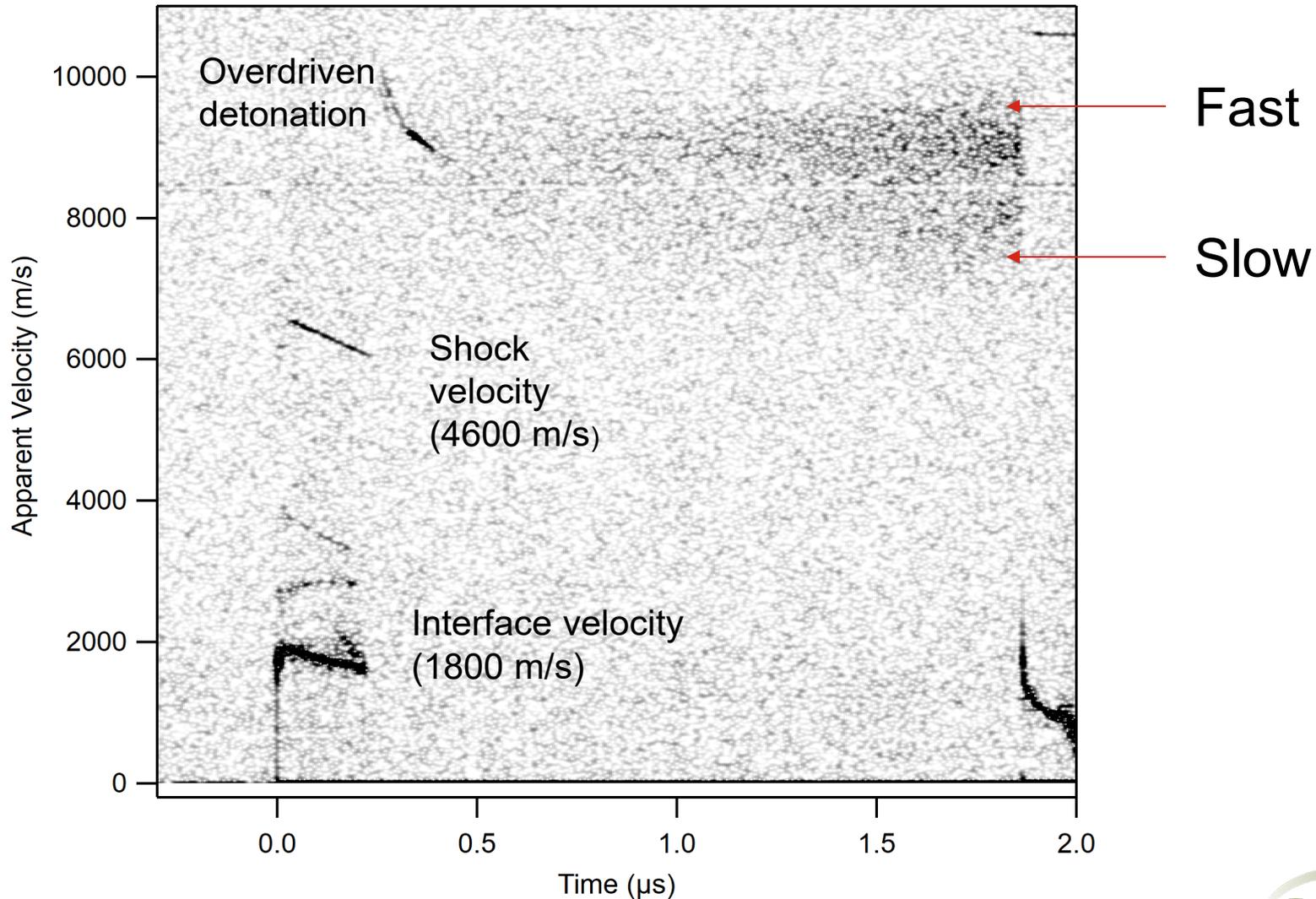
Steady detonation  
(~6300 m/s  
spread of 1700 m/s  
or spread of 3 GHz)

# Why does a steady detonation appear as a spread in velocities (frequencies)?

Maybe something to do with cellular detonation

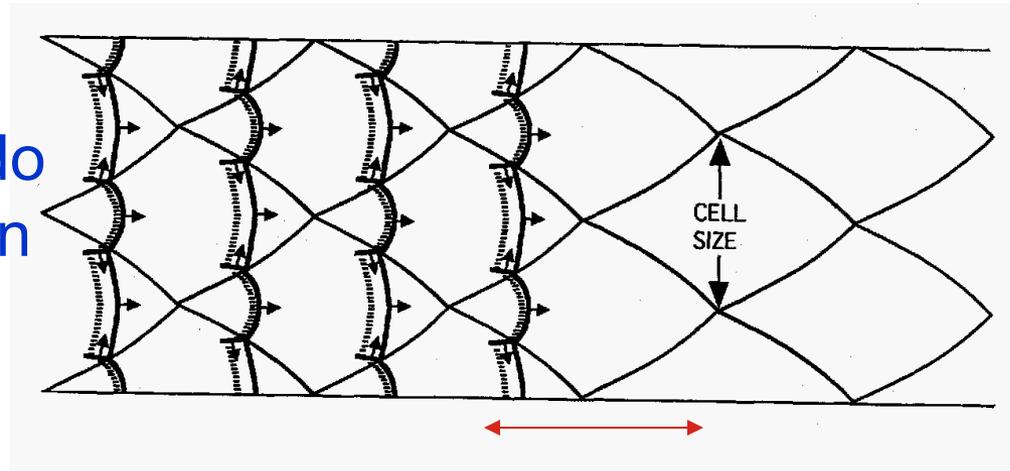


# Max and min speed of cellular detonation?



# Why does a steady detonation appear as a spread in velocities (frequencies)?

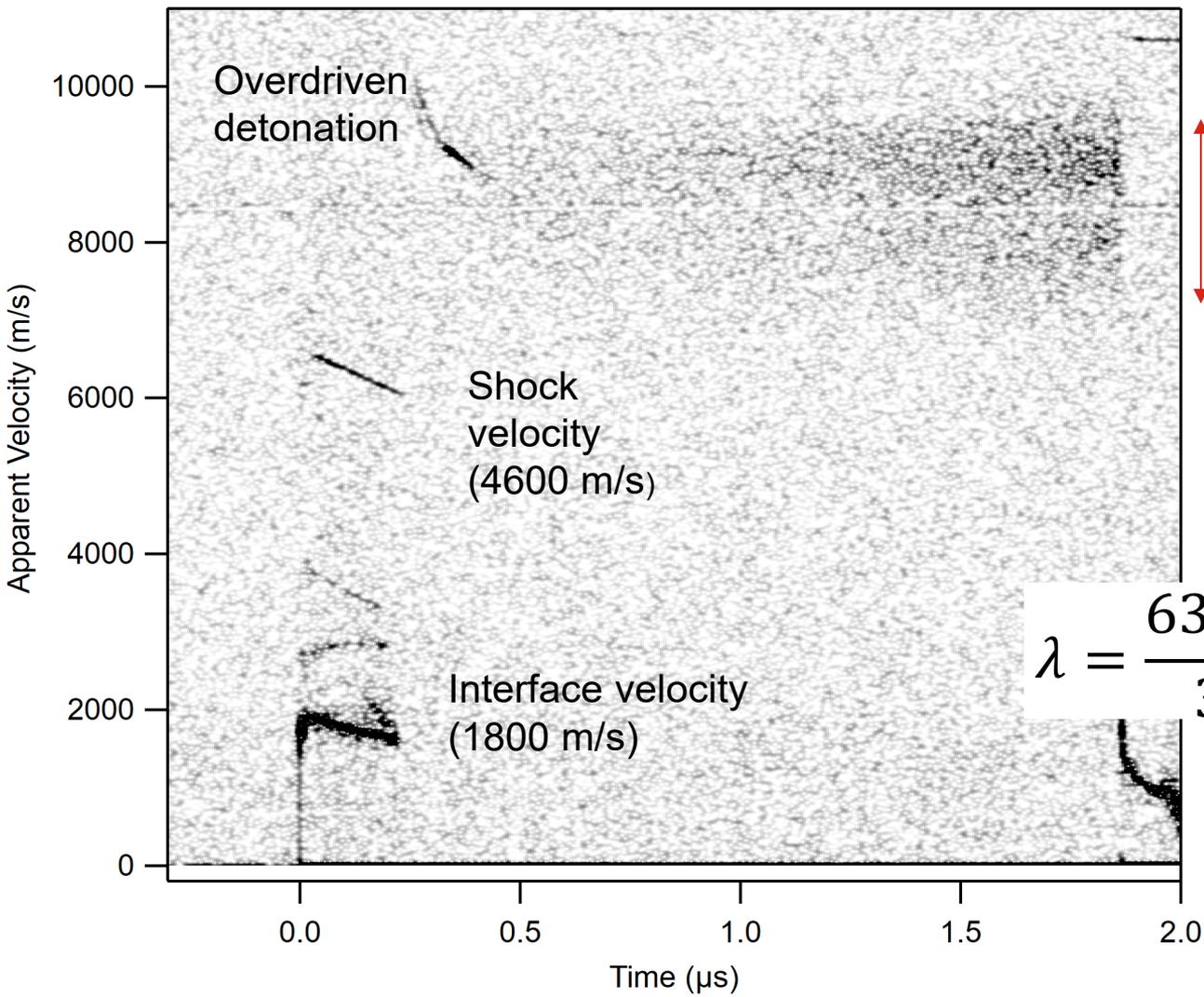
Maybe something to do with cellular detonation



$$\lambda = D \cdot \Delta t$$

cell size —  $\lambda$  — cell lifetime  
 detonation speed —  $D$  —

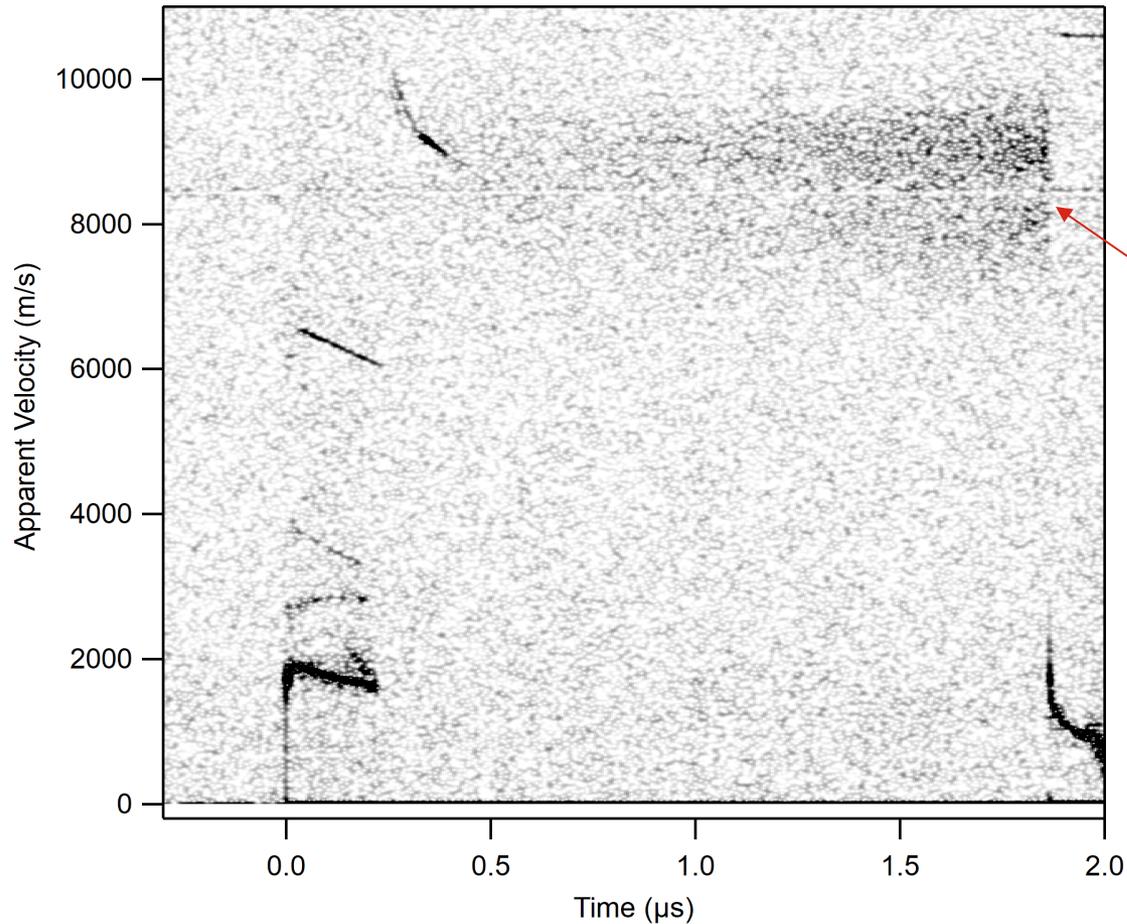
# Cell lifetime?



$\Delta f = 1/\Delta t$   
 spread in frequency  
 cell lifetime

$$\lambda = \frac{6300 \text{ m/s}}{3 \text{ GHz}} = 2 \mu\text{m}$$

# Maybe nothing to do with cellular detonation? Suggestions?



steady  
detonation